## 1A Welcome to the class

1 LISTENING \& SPEAKING recognizing names
a A Carla B Matt C Sally D Ben
b 2 Sorry $\mathbf{3}$ number $\mathbf{4 H i} 5$ meet 6 you 7 thank 8 Fine
d My name's... = I'm Very well = Fine Thank you = Thanks Goodbye = Bye

## 2 GRAMMAR verb be + , subject pronouns

a 2 I'm Matt. 3 My name's Ben. 4 You're my partner. 5 She's in my salsa class.

## Grammar Bank 1A

a $\mathbf{1}$ are $\mathbf{2}$ is $\mathbf{3}$ are $\mathbf{4}$ is $\mathbf{5}$ am $\mathbf{6}$ is $\mathbf{7}$ are $\mathbf{8}$ is $\mathbf{9}$ is $\mathbf{1 0}$ am
b 1 It's... 2 They're... 3 I'm... 4 You're...
c 1 He's... 2 We're... 3 She's... 4 It's... 5 They're...

## 3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds, word stress

c airport computer email hotel internet museum pasta pizza salad sandwich university website
d

| food | technology | places |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| pasta | computer | airport |
| pizza | email | hotel |
| salad | internet | museum |
| sandwich | website | university |

## 4 VOCABULARY days of the week, numbers 0-20

a See, Bye

## Vocabulary Bank Days and numbers

1 Days of the week
b Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

2 Numbers 0-20
b 5 five $\mathbf{7}$ seven 11 eleven 12 twelve 15 fifteen 18 eighteen 20 twenty

## 5 LISTENING \& SPEAKING recognizing places and numbers

a 2 language school 3 airport 4 taxi 5 hotel 6 museum
b 15 pounds 20
2 classes on Tuesday and Thursday mornings
3 Gate number 9
416 Manchester Road
5 Room 12
6 museum Closed on Mondays

## 1B One world

## 1 VOCABULARY countries

a 1 Scotland 2 Brazil 3 Mexico 4 Russia

## Vocabulary Bank Countries

## 1 Continents

4 Africa African
5 Asia Asian
6 Australia Australian
3 Europe European
1 North America North American
2 South America South American
2 Countries and nationalities
3 England English
6 Ireland Irish
2 Poland Polish
5 Scotland Scottish
1 Spain Spanish
4 Turkey Turkish
9 Germany German
7 Mexico Mexican
8 the United States American
14 Argentina Argentinian
10 Brazil Brazilian
12 Egypt Egyptian
11 Hungary Hungarian
13 Italy Italian
15 Russia Russian
17 China Chinese
16 Japan Japanese
20 the Czech Republic Czech
18 France French
19 Switzerland Swiss


## 3 GRAMMAR verb be - and ?

a
b

| + | I'm | you're | it's |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | I'm not | you aren't | it isn't |
| $?$ | Am I | Are you | Is it |

## Grammar Bank 1B

a 1 I'm not British.
2 They aren't Brazilian.
3 It isn't in South America.
4 You aren't French.
b 1 Am I in room 10? Yes, you are.
2 Is it Spanish? No, it isn’t.
3 Are they students? No, they aren't.
4 Is he from the USA? Yes, he is.
5 Are you Mike Bell? No, I'm not.
c 1 's 2 Are 3 'm 4 'm 5 Are 6 'm 7 Is 8 isn't 9 's 10 Are 11 'm

5 VOCABULARY numbers 21-100
a $\mathbf{1}$ four $\mathbf{2}$ eleven $\mathbf{3}$ sixteen $\mathbf{4}$ thirteen $\mathbf{5}$ twelve $\mathbf{6}$ ten $\mathbf{7}$ fourteen $\mathbf{8}$ eight $\mathbf{9}$ eighteen 10 twenty
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { c } & 25 & 33 & 47 & 50 & 66 & 78 & 81 & 99\end{array}$

## Vocabulary Bank Days and numbers

Numbers 21-100
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}\text { a } & 30 & 35 & 40 & 43 & 50 & 59 & 60 & 67 & 70 & 72 & 80 & 88 & 90 & 94 & 100\end{array}$

## 6 PRONUNCIATION \& LISTENING word stress

a $\mathbf{1}$ a $13 \quad 2$ b $40 \quad 3$ a $15 \quad 4$ b $60 \quad 5$ a $17 \quad 6$ b $80 \quad 7$ b 90

## 1C What's your email?

## 1 VOCABULARY classroom language

a 4 a board $\mathbf{9}$ a chair $\mathbf{3}$ a computer $\mathbf{5}$ a desk $\mathbf{1}$ a door $\mathbf{2}$ a picture $\mathbf{8}$ a table 6 a wall 7 a window
e 1 C 2 A 3 B

## Vocabulary Bank Classroom language

b 7 Open your books, please.
11 Go to page eighty-four.
13 Do exercise a.
5 Read the text.
1 Look at the board.
12 Close the door.
2 Work in pairs.
10 Answer the questions.
9 Listen and repeat.
6 Stand up.
3 Sit down.
8 Turn off your phone.
4 Please stop talking!
d 19 Sorry, can you repeat that, please?
14 Sorry I'm late.
18 I don't understand.
15 Can I have a copy, please?
22 How do you spell it?
17 I don't know.
21 How do you say gato in English?
20 Can you help me, please?
16 What page is it?

## 2 PRONUNCIATION /əঠ/,/u:/,/a:/, the alphabet

c train /eı/ A H J K
tree /i:/ B C D E G P T V
egg /e/ F L M N S X Z
bike /ai/ I Y
phone /əu/ O
boot /u:/ Q U W
car /a:/ R
e 1 E , E $2 \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{~J} 3 \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{Q} 4 \mathrm{C}$, C 5 B , B $6 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{M} 7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V} \quad 8 \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Y}$

## 3 LISTENING \& SPEAKING understanding personal information

a 1 Vazquez 2203 Argentina 4 Buenos Aires 5 (Florida) 1656 C1005AAC $7111589345568 \quad 8$ (54) 1160235442
b 2 What's 3 How 4 How 5 from 6 What's 7 What's 8 email 9 number

## 4 GRAMMAR possessive adjectives

a 1 you 2 I 3 your 4 My

## Grammar Bank 1C

a 1 Their 2 Her 3 Our 4 its 5 your 6 His 7 My 8 your 9 Her 10 Our
b $\mathbf{1}$ Her $\mathbf{2}$ their $\mathbf{3}$ your $\mathbf{4}$ she $\mathbf{5}$ He $\mathbf{6}$ his $\mathbf{7}$ your $\mathbf{8}$ Our 9 My 10 She

## 5 WRITING

## Writing Completing a form

c My name’s Marek. I'm from Gdansk in Poland, and I speak Polish, German, and a little English. My teacher is American. Her name’s Kate. My English classes are on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

## Practical English Episode 1: Arriving in London

## 1 VOCABULARY in a hotel

b 1 Reception 6 the lift 2 a single room 4 a double room $\mathbf{3}$ the bar 5 the ground floor

## 2 INTRODUCTION

## a 1 T 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 F

b 3 The name of his magazine is London 24seven.
4 Jenny is American.
6 It's her first time in the UK.

## 3 CHECKING IN

a 1 Z-I-E-L-I-N-S-K-I 2306
b 1 spell 2 please 3 key 4 lift

## 4 JENNY TALKS TO ROB

```
a 1F 2T 3F 4F 5T 6F
```

b 1 Jenny has tea.
3 The waitress is Hungarian.
4 Rob Walker phones Jenny.
6 Their meeting is at 9.00 .
f $1 \mathrm{~J} \quad 2 \mathrm{~J} \quad 3 \mathrm{~W} 4 \mathrm{R} \quad 5 \mathrm{~J} \quad 6 \mathrm{~J}$
g $\quad \mathbf{B} 6 \quad$ C $1 \quad$ D 2 E $3 \quad$ F 5

## 2A Are you tidy or untidy?

## 1 VOCABULARY things

b $\mathbf{1}$ door 2 lamp
newspaper

## Vocabulary Bank Things

b 15 a bag 9 a charger 1 a coin 21 a credit card 5 a diary 23 a dictionary 2 a file 4 glasses 22 headphones 13 an identity card 11 a key 29 a lamp 3 a laptop 17 a magazine 14 a newspaper 30 a notebook 26 a pen 16 a pencil 12 a phone 8 a photo 20 a piece of paper 24 a purse 19 scissors 28 sunglasses 25 a tablet 27 a ticket 7 a tissue 10 an umbrella 6 a wallet 18 a watch

## 2 GRAMMAR singular and plural nouns

a (two) umbrellas a watch a diary
Because it begins with a vowel sound, not a consonant sound.

## Grammar Bank 2A

a 1 a window, windows
2 a key, keys
3 an identity card, identity cards
4 a country, countries
5 a watch, watches
6 an exercise, exercises
7 a person, people
8 an email, emails
9 a box, boxes
10 a woman, women
b 1 They're children.
2 It's a purse.
3 They're men.
4 It's an umbrella.
5 They're sunglasses.
6 They're scissors.
7 It's a charger.
8 They're diaries.
9 It's a coin.
10 It's an egg.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION final -s and -es

b $\mathbf{1}$ classes $\mathbf{4}$ boxes $\mathbf{5}$ pieces $\mathbf{7}$ pages
c Virginia Woolf: chairs, doors, files, glasses
Ian Rankin: tables / desks, chairs, pieces of paper, photos, CDs

## 4 VOCABULARY \& SPEAKING in, on, under

a $\mathbf{1}$ on $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathbf{3}$ under

## Communication

## Picture 1

The charger is in the bag. The glasses are on the book. The keys are under the desk. The laptop is on the chair. The scissors are on the book. The umbrella is under the chair. The wallet is on the desk.
Picture 2
The file is under the desk. The headphones are in the bag. The magazine is under the bag. The phone is on the chair. The photo is on the desk. The tissues are in the bag. The watch is on the book.

## 5 LISTENING listening for detail

a $\mathbf{1}$ on his desk $\mathbf{2}$ in her study $\mathbf{3}$ in her bag
b Speaker 1 a computer, pens, pieces of paper, a lamp, a photo, a phone Speaker 2 a desk, a table, two chairs, books, a dictionary, a map Speaker 3 a phone, a charger, sunglasses, tissues, keys, a purse

## 2B Made in America

## 1 VOCABULARY colours, adjectives

a red, white, blue
b black yellow grey orange brown pink green purple silver gold

## Vocabulary Bank Adjectives

b 19 beautiful, ugly
2 big, small
7 cheap, expensive
4 clean, dirty
5 easy, difficult
9 fast, slow
6 full, empty
1 good, bad
10 high, low
17 hot, cold
20 light, dark
11 long, short
14 old, new
16 old, young
15 rich, poor
13 right, left
12 right, wrong
3 safe, dangerous
8 the same, different
18 strong, weak
21 tall, short
c Possible answers
Mount Everest is very high and cold.
Bill Gates is American and very rich.
The Mona Lisa is beautiful, old, and quite small.
The Pyramids are very old and very big.
Africa is very hot and quite poor.

## 2 GRAMMAR adjectives

a 2 yellow taxis 3 fast food 4 French fries 5 White House 6 blue jeans 7 hot dog 8 New York
b 1 hot dog 2 yellow

## Grammar Bank 2B

a 1 It's a very big house.
2 Is Louis French?
3 It's an expensive watch.
4 Is it an easy exercise?
5 Is your girlfriend Spanish?
6 These questions are very difficult.
7 Are they cheap tickets?
8 My new glasses are very good.
b 1 It's a very hot day.
2 Is your teacher Australian?
3 That car isn't very fast.
4 It's a bad idea.
5 Are you good students?
6 English is quite easy.
7 My brother is really strong.
8 This is a slow train.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION long and short vowel sounds

b fish /I/ rich, big tree /i:/ easy, cheap cat /æ/ black, bad car /a:/ fast, dark clock /p/ hot, wrong horse / $\mathbf{s}$ // small, short bull /ひ/ full, good boot/u:/ blue, new
d a big city a black bag cheap jeans dark glasses a good book a grey day new boots an old photo a short story

## 4 SPEAKING

## Communication The same or different?

Different: Pictures 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12
The same: Pictures 2, 6, 8, 10

## 5 READING identifying paragraph headings

b 2 Spelling 3 Grammar 4 Pronunciation
c 1 F (The differences are small.)
2 F (In American English they are vacation and ZIP code.)
3 T
4 F (It's the American spelling. British spelling is kilometre.)
5 T
6 F (It’s easy.)

## 2C Slow down!

## 1 VOCABULARY feelings

b 5 I'm angry. 11 I'm bored. 9 I'm cold. 12 I'm frightened. 2 I'm happy. 4 I'm hot. 6 I'm hungry. 10 I'm sad. 8 I'm stressed. 3 I'm thirsty. 7 I'm tired. 1 I'm worried.

## 2 LISTENING \& READING inferring mood

b Picture 1: Lisa's angry / stressed.
Picture 2: John's thirsty, Alfie's hungry.
Picture 3: Lisa's cold and frightened, John's hot.
Picture 4: Lisa and Alfie are tired.
c Yes. A police officer stops John because he is driving too fast, but the police officer isn't angry with them because of Alfie, and they go to their hotel.

## 3 GRAMMAR imperatives, let's

a

|  | Imperatives | Suggestions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| + | Turn right. Be careful! <br> Look for a hotel. | Let's stop at a café. <br> Let's go there. |
| - | Don't turn left! <br> Don't drive fast! <br> Don't worry. | Let's not stop. |

## Grammar Bank 2C

a 1 Read 2 don't speak 3 Go 4 Don't watch 5 Have 6 Be 7 Take 8 Don't be
b 1 Let's go 2 Let's turn off 3 Let's do 4 Let's not take 5 Let's stop 6 Let's not go, Let's watch
c 3 Don't eat or drink here.
4 Turn off your phone.
5 Don't take photos.
6 Don't go in here.
7 Cross the road now.
8 Be careful.
9 Don't listen to music here.

## 5 PRONUNCIATION linking

a 1 Turn off your phone.
2 Let's eat in this café.
3 Take a book with you.
4 Let's open the windows.
5 Let's stop at a hotel.
6 Don't open the door.

## 6 VIDEO LISTENING

$\mathbf{2}$ car $\mathbf{3}$ traffic $\mathbf{4}$ map 5 water $\mathbf{6}$ tablets $\mathbf{7}$ Check $\mathbf{8}$ petrol $\mathbf{9}$ fifteen $\mathbf{1 0}$ phone

## 1\&2 Revise and Check

## Grammar



## VOCABULARY

a 1 from 2 to 3 in 4 at 5 off
b 1 Read 2 Work 3 Stand 4 Open 5 Answer
c 1 file (the others are numbers)
2 Chinese (the others are countries)
3 France (the others are nationalities / languages)
4 Ireland (the others are continents)
5 sixteen (the others are multiples of ten)
6 Italy (the others are days of the week)
7 purse (the others are always used in the plural)
8 school (the others are part of a classroom)
9 wallet (the others are things you read)
10 happy (the others are negative adjectives)
d 1 bad 2 cheap 3 clean 4 low 5 right

## PRONUNCIATION

c 1 email /i:/ 2 fast /a:/ 3 page /dz/ 4 sit /i/ 5 tissues / $\mathrm{f} /$
d 1 address 2 Italy 3 expensive 4 sunglasses 5 thirteen

## CAN YOU understand this text?

a It's for tourists / visitors to New York.
b $1 \mathrm{~F} \quad 2 \mathrm{~T} 3 \mathrm{~T} 4 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{~T}$

## CAN YOU understand these people?

1 b 2 c 3 c, a 4 c

## 3A Britain: the good and the bad

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a 1 speak German 2 drink mineral water 3 watch TV 4 play the guitar 5 like animals

## Vocabulary Bank Verb phrases

a 19 cook dinner 20 do exercise 14 do housework 24 do homework 17 drink mineral water 23 drive a car 18 eat vegetables 9 go to the cinema 3 have a garden 8 like animals 11 listen to music 6 live in a flat 22 need a new phone 15 play the guitar 12 play tennis 7 read a book 16 say sorry 5 speak German 4 study history 13 take an umbrella 1 want a coffee 10 watch TV 21 wear glasses 2 work in an office

## 2 GRAMMAR present simple + and -

b 2 the language 3 gardens 4 the freedom 5 the BBC 6 pubs 7 the weather 8 Indian food
c 1 They end with -s because they are third person singular (he, she, it).
2 - I don't have, it doesn't rain.
We use don't to make negatives with $I$, you, we, and they.
We use doesn't to make negatives with he, she, and it.

## Grammar Bank 3A

a 1 She goes to the cinema.
2 He lives in a flat.
3 They have two children.
4 I don't like cold weather.
5 The supermarket closes at 5.30.
6 My sister doesn't study French.
7 I do housework.
8 My son wants a guitar.
9 My friend doesn't work on Saturdays.
10 Our lessons finish at 5.00.
b $\mathbf{1}$ doesn't work $\mathbf{2}$ reads $\mathbf{3}$ speak $\mathbf{4}$ don't play $\mathbf{5}$ wears $\mathbf{6}$ listen $\mathbf{7}$ don't eat $\mathbf{8}$ has

## 3 PRONUNCIATION third person -s

a books/buks/
keys /ki:z/
watches /wnt $\int$ Iz/
c 1 I live in a flat. She ... She lives in a flat.
2 I need a new phone. He ... He needs a new phone.
3 They work in an office. She ... She works in an office.
4 We wear glasses. He ... He wears glasses.
5 They finish at eight. It ... It finishes at eight.
6 I want a coffee. She ... She wants a coffee.
7 They have two children. He ... He has two children.
8 We do homework. She ... She does homework.
9 They study French. He ... He studies French.
10 They go shopping. She ... She goes shopping.

## 4 READING identifying attitude

a Erdal $\times$ British people don't work like that. They only want to finish work and go home. Khalal $\times$ I don't like the weather. And I don't like the food.
Camille $\checkmark$ The British are friendly.
Shurooq $\checkmark$ In the UK women have a lot of freedom. I like the weather here. I love days when it rains, or it's cold. The people are also nice and friendly.
Michelle $\checkmark$ My favourite thing about Britain is the Scotch eggs. Everybody says that British food is awful, but I love it... The shops are great too...
Lian Tang $\checkmark$ Because I like the culture, the art, the history. I also love the beautiful scenery... $\times$ I don't like...the weather and the food.
b 1 Shurooq 2 Khalal, Lian Tang 3 Michelle 4 Khalal, Lian Tang 5 Camille, Shurooq 6 Shurooq 7 Erdal
c 1 all things everything
2 all people everybody everywhere means 'all places’

## 3B 9 to 5

## 1 GRAMMAR present simple ?

a He's a police officer.
c 2 Do you work long hours?
3 What does your husband do?
4 Does he have free weekends?
5 Do you have time together?
f 1 What do you do, Jess?, Do you work long hours?
2 Does he have free weekends?, What does your husband do?
3 Do you have time together?

## Grammar Bank 3B

a 1 Do 2 Do 3 Does 4 Does 5 Do 6 Does 7 Does 8 Does 9 Do 10 Does
b 1 Does he like
2 Does she speak
3 Do you eat
4 Do they cook
5 Does she live
6 Do you want
7 Does he drive
8 Does she drink
9 Do you have
10 Do you listen

## 2 VOCABULARY jobs

a $\mathbf{1}$ police officer $\mathbf{2}$ actor $\mathbf{3}$ teacher $\mathbf{4}$ receptionist $\mathbf{5}$ administrator

## Vocabulary Bank Jobs

b 28 an accountant 26 an actor 2 an administrator 1 an architect 6 a builder 7 a chef 27 a cleaner 4 a dentist 17 a doctor 8 an engineer 11 a factory worker 22 a flight attendant 13 a footballer 30 a guide 19 a hairdresser 10 a journalist 12 a lawyer 14 a manager 16 a model 18 a musician 5 a nurse 21 a pilot 23 a police officer 24 a receptionist 15 a shop assistant 9 a soldier 29 a taxi driver 25 a teacher 3 a vet 20 a waiter / a waitress

## 4 LISTENING understanding specific information

a Alex's questions about his job
Do you work in an office?
Do you work in the evening?
Do you make things?
Do you wear a uniform or special clothes?
Do you drive?
Do you work in a team?
Do you have special qualifications?
Do you speak foreign languages?
Do you travel?
b Alex's answers about his job
Do you work in an office? $\times$

Do you work in the evening? D
Do you make things? $\times$
Do you wear a uniform or special clothes? $\checkmark$
Do you drive? $\times$
Do you work in a team?
Do you have special qualifications? $\times$
Do you speak foreign languages? $\boldsymbol{x}$
Do you travel?
c Sue's questions and answers about her job
Do you work outside? D
Do you work at the weekend?
Do you work with the public? $\times$
Do you have good holidays? $\times$
Do you work at night? D
Do you earn a lot of money? $\boldsymbol{x}$
Do you like your job?
d Alex
...doesn't work in an office.
...sometimes works in the evening.
...works in a team.
...doesn't have special qualifications.
...doesn't speak foreign languages.
...travels at weekends.
...doesn't drive in his job.
...doesn't make things.
...wears special clothes.
Sue
...sometimes works outside.
...sometimes works at night.
...works at the weekend.
...doesn't work with the public.
...doesn't have any holidays.
...doesn't earn a lot of money / doesn't have a salary.
...loves her job.
e Alex is a footballer. Sue is a full-time mother.

## 3C Love me, love my dog

## 1 LISTENING identifying who's who

a Barry is her dog. Dave is the man. Dolly is his dog. Barry is a Labrador; he's two years old. Dolly is a fox terrier; she's two years old.
b Dave invites Becca to lunch.
c 2 What...want? 3 Where...live? 4 What...do 5 work 6 What 7 want
f 1 D 2 B 3 D 4 D 5 B 6 D

## 2 GRAMMAR word order in questions

b 1 How old is Barry?
2 What's his name?
3 Do you like it?
4 How do you feel about cats?

## Grammar Bank 3C

a 1 How many children do you have?
2 Is your job interesting?
3 What colour is his car?
4 Where does your brother work?
5 Do you work with computers?
6 What kind of magazines do you read?
7 What does he do at the weekend?
8 Are you stressed in your job?
9 Where does your sister live?
10 How do you say that in English?
b $\mathbf{1}$ does...do $\mathbf{2}$ does she work 3 Does...like $\mathbf{4}$ does...do 5 Is he $\mathbf{6}$ Does...do $\mathbf{7}$ do you do

## 3 VOCABULARY question words

b 2 How many 3 Which 4 Where 5 When 6 What kind of 7 Who 8 Why
1 /h/
$2 / w /$
3 We use What...? when there's a large number of possibilities.
We use Which...? when there's a small number, often two.

## Practical English Episode 2: Coffee to take away

## 1 VOCABULARY telling the time

Vocabulary Bank Time

## 1 Telling the time

a 3 It's quarter past six.
5 It's six o'clock.
1 It's quarter to seven.
8 It's ten past six.
7 It's five to seven.
4 It's twenty-five to seven.
2 It's half past six.
9 It's three minutes past six.
6 It's twenty past six.

## 2 ROB AND JENNY MEET

a They go for a coffee.
b 1 Because the traffic is terrible.
2 Because the hotel coffee isn't great.
3 Because she has a meeting with Daniel.
4 Because they have lots of time. The office is very near.

## 3 BUYING A COFFEE

b 1 Jenny has a double espresso and Rob has a large latte.
2 Jenny doesn't have anything. Rob has a brownie and a croissant.
$3 £ 12.45$
c $\mathbf{1}$ help 2 Single 3 Regular 4 here change

## 4 FIRST DAY IN THE OFFICE

a 1 She is an administrator.
2 In Poland.
3 In Manhattan.
4 Yes, a sister in Brooklyn.
5 Tea, coffee, or water.
6 Twelve o'clock.
c $1 \mathrm{R} \quad 2 \mathrm{~K} 3 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{D}$
d A 3 B 4 C 2 D 1

## 4A Family photos

1 GRAMMAR possessive 's, Whose...?
b His brother is the actor Brad Pitt. Yes, he does.
d 1 He's Carey Mulligan's husband.
2 She’s Meryl Streep's daughter.
3 She’s Jake Gyllenhaal’s sister.
4 He’s Morgan Freeman's son.
5 He’s Mary-Kate Olsen’s husband.

## Grammar Bank 4A

a 1 They're Hillary's cars. 2 It's Hillary's purse. 3 They're Bill's magazines. 4 It's Hillary's watch. 5 They're Bill's glasses.
b $\mathbf{1}$ my mother's birthday 2 her parents' house $\mathbf{3}$ the end of the day $\mathbf{4}$ my sister's friends 5 The door of the classroom 6 the students' desks
c 1 Whose 2 Whose 3 Who's 4 Who's 5 Whose 6 Who's
f It's Jake Gyllenhaal's watch. It's Carey Mulligan's bag. They're Meryl Streep’s glasses. It's Mary-Kate Olsen's ring.

## 2 VOCABULARY family

## Vocabulary Bank The family

a 7 John is Richard's grandfather. 8 Jennifer is Richard’s grandmother.
2 Carol is Richard's mother.
1 Gary is Richard's father.
9 Sue is Richard's aunt.
10 Nick is Richard's uncle.
4 Kate is Richard’s sister.
3 Steven is Richard's brother.
13 Hugh is Richard's cousin.
13 Sarah is Richard's cousin.
14 Emma is Richard's wife.
5 Chloe is Richard's daughter.
6 Jake is Richard's son.
12 Ruby is Richard’s niece.
11 Oliver is Richard's nephew.
b 1 parents 2 parents-in-law 3 grandparents 4 children 5 couple
b 2 uncle $\mathbf{3}$ niece $\mathbf{4}$ cousin 5 brother-in-law $\mathbf{6}$ nephew

## 3 PRONUNCIATION / $\mathbf{N}$ /, the letter o

c clock /p/ doctor, job, model, Scotland, strong
phone /əu/ don't, go, home, no
up /s/ come, London, money, one
boot /u:/ do, who

## 4 LISTENING \& SPEAKING identifying the main / supporting information

a Celia is Grace's sister. Miriam is Grace's sister-in-law.
b Mark: He is good-looking. He’s 26. He’s a medical student at University College London. He loves it.
Celia: She looks like Grace. She's 35. She has two sons. Carlos is two; Daniel is six. They live in Chile.
Miriam: She is married to Tim, Grace's brother. Tim is a lawyer; Miriam is a teacher. Their children are Helen, 13 months old, and Alex, four.

## 4B From morning to night

## 1 VOCABULARY daily routine

a $\mathbf{2}$ have a shower $\mathbf{3}$ get dressed $\mathbf{4}$ have a coffee / tea $\mathbf{5}$ have breakfast $\mathbf{6}$ go to work / school

## Vocabulary Bank Daily routine

## b Busy Belinda

1 wake up at seven o'clock
2 have a shower
3 get dressed
4 put on make-up
5 have a coffee
6 go to work by bus
7 get to work
8 start work at eight thirty
9 have lunch at work
10 finish work at six thirty
11 go shopping
12 get home late
13 do the housework
14 have pizza for dinner
15 check emails
16 go to bed
Chilled Charlie
17 get up at eight o'clock
18 have a shave
19 take the dog for a walk
20 have breakfast
21 walk to work
22 go home early
23 go to Italian classes
24 see friends
25 make dinner
26 relax
27 have a bath
28 sleep for eight hours

## 2 PRONUNCIATION linking

a 1 He wakes up at eight.
2 She works in an office.
3 She has a coffee at eleven.
4 He has a lot of homework.
5 She has an interesting day.

## 3 READING \& LISTENING inferring feelings, understanding specific information

## a Suggested answer

Marjan probably feels (very) tired, but happy
b 1 Between 6.00 and 6.30 a.m.
2 She has meetings and lectures. She does operations.
3 At her desk
4 She has dinner with her son. She does research. She watches the news on TV. She plays the piano. Sometimes she does operations.
5 No. She works long hours, sometimes during the night, and she often works at weekends.
6 She sees her son a lot, but not her husband.
7 She plays the piano every day, late at night. She also goes to the hairdresser. 8 Yes, she loves it.
c 2 gets $\mathbf{3}$ four...five $\mathbf{4}$ school $51.45 \mathbf{6}$ go home $\mathbf{7}$ sings $\mathbf{8}$ Thursdays $\mathbf{9}$ plays 10 has...shower 11 two...three 1210.30
d Marjan and Darius both have long days and work hard. They both like what they do.
Marjan is probably more tired. She has less time to relax, and has more responsibility.

## 4 GRAMMAR prepositions of time and place

b $\mathbf{1}$ at $\mathbf{2}$ to $\mathbf{3}$ at $\mathbf{4}$ in 5 on

## Grammar Bank 4B

```
a 1 in 2 on 3 in 4 at 5 at 6 on 7 at 8 in 9 in
b 1 at 2 to 3 in 4 at 5 to 6 in 7 in 8 at 9 in 10 at
```

d 1 at the weekend
2 in the morning
3 at seven o’clock
4 on Sunday
5 at night
6 in the evening
7 at midnight
8 in the summer
9 on Tuesday morning
10 at Christmas

## 5 SPEAKING \& WRITING an article

## Writing An Article

a 1 Saturday, because it's the first day of the weekend.
2 I stay in bed until about 10.30. Then I usually go shopping with a friend.
3 I often have lunch at my mother's house, with her and my brother. After lunch I sometimes study from about 4.00 to $\mathbf{6 . 0 0}$.
4 I usually go out with my friends. We often go to the cinema, and after that, we have a pizza or tapas.
b 1 Then 2 After 3 before 4 During, from, to 5 that 6 until

## 4C Blue Zones

1 VOCABULARY months, adverbs and expressions of frequency
a January February March April May June July August September October November December
b July, September, October, November, December

## Vocabulary Bank Time

2 Expressions of frequency
b $\mathbf{1}$ every day $\mathbf{2}$ every week 3 every month $\mathbf{4}$ every year 5 once a week 6 twice a week 7 three times a week $\mathbf{8}$ four times a year

## 3 Adverbs of frequency

b 1b I always get up at seven o'clock during the week. I start work at eight o'clock every day. 2a I often go to the cinema after work. About seven or eight times a month.
3c I usually finish work at six o'clock. But on Fridays we stop at three o'clock.
$4 f$ I sometimes meet a friend for lunch. About once or twice a month.
5e I hardly ever go to the theatre. Only once or twice a year.
6d I never have coffee. I don't like it.

## 2 GRAMMAR position of adverbs, expressions of frequency

b 1 before a main verb, after the verb be 2 at the end of a phrase or sentence

## Grammar Bank 4C

a 1 I always walk to work.
2 Do you usually wear glasses?
3 I'm hardly ever bored.
4 She sometimes does housework.
5 We hardly ever go to the cinema.
6 Why are you always late?
7 My girlfriend is never stressed.
8 Does it often rain in December?
b 1 I am never late for class.
2 We hardly ever eat fast food.
3 What time do you usually finish work?
4 My parents don't often go out at night.
5 My brother is always hungry at lunchtime.
6 We don't always do our homework.
7 Do you usually drive to work?
8 Our teacher is hardly ever angry.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION the letter $h$

b In the word hour the $h$ is not pronounced.

## 4 READING \& SPEAKING retelling the main information from a short text

The 'Blue Zones' are five places where many people live for a long time.
Alexis is $\mathbf{1 0 2}$ and María is 97.
c food and drink: potatoes, green vegetables, fish, sugar, herbal tea, red wine, rice, sweet potatoes, egg, cheese, meat, fruit (marañón), water
physical exercise: do exercise, work in their gardens, go to a gym, walk everywhere, ride horses

## 5 VIDEO LISTENING

a $1 \mathrm{~F} \quad 2 \mathrm{~T} 3 \mathrm{~T} 4 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~T} 6 \mathrm{~F} 7 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~F}$
b 1 The island of Okinawa is south of Japan.
4 They eat fish.
6 They do t'ai chi or martial arts every day.
7 They are never in a hurry.
8 When they reach 97, they have a ceremony called kajimaya.

## 3\&4 Revise and Check

## GRAMMAR

1 b 2 a 3 c 4 a 5 b 6 c 7 b 8 a 9 b 10 c 11 c 12 b 13 b 14 a 15 c

## VOCABULARY

a 1 On 2 at 3 up 4 in 5 to
b 1 get 2 take $\mathbf{3}$ have $\mathbf{4}$ do $\mathbf{5}$ go $\mathbf{6}$ play $\mathbf{7}$ listen $\mathbf{8}$ see $\mathbf{9}$ read $\mathbf{1 0}$ wear
c 1 niece (the others are male relatives)
2 husband (the others are female relatives)
3 factory (the others are jobs)
4 early (the others are adverbs of frequency)
5 Monday (the others are months)
d 1 Where 2 What 3 Who 4 How many 5 Why

## PRONUNCIATION

c 1 brother /s/ 2 nephew /f/ 3 teacher /a/ 4 which /w/ 5 work /3:/
d 1 because 2 dentist 3 unemployed 4 policeman 5 grandmother

## CAN YOU understand this text?

a He wakes up at 1.00 p.m. His work starts in the evening. He arrives in secret at the club. He finishes work at 4.00 a.m.
b $1 \mathrm{~T} \quad 2 \mathrm{~F} \quad 3 \mathrm{~T} 4 \mathrm{~T} 5 \mathrm{~T} \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} \quad 7 \mathrm{~T}$
CAN YOU understand these people?
1 с 2 a 3 с 4 a 5 b

## 5A Vote for me!

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a go to the gym, play the guitar, do exercise, watch TV, have a coffee, listen to music

## Vocabulary Bank More verb phrases

b 3 buy a newspaper
2 call a taxi
1 dance the tango
24 draw a picture
7 find a parking space
8 forget somebody's name
11 give somebody flowers
14 hear a noise
16 help somebody
6 leave your bag on a train
19 look for your keys
20 meet a friend
21 paint a picture
9 remember somebody's name
23 run a race
25 see a film
18 send a text message
13 sing a song
4 swim in the sea
15 take a photo
12 talk to a friend
10 tell somebody a secret
5 try to do something difficult
17 use the internet
22 wait for a bus

## 2 LISTENING focusing on practical information

b 1 She needs ID. 2 Her passport 3 She waits with Amy. 4 Three 5 Good luck, Amy! You can do it! 6 She leaves it with her friend. 7 One Day 8 It isn't on. 9 Oh no! I can't remember the first line.
d The judges think Amy is very good, Justin is terrible - he can't sing - and Naomi has a good voice, but doesn't have feeling.
They want to see Amy on the show next week.
Amy feels very happy.

3 GRAMMAR can / can't
a 1 d 2 a 3 c 4 b

## Grammar Bank 5A

a 1 can speak 2 Can...help 3 can't see 4 Can...close 5 Can...repeat 6 can't park 7 can't swim 8 Can...use
b 1 She can meet me after work.
2 Can you open the door, please?
3 My boyfriend can't ski.
4 Can I use your car?
5 You can't take photos here.

## 4 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

c 1b 2a 3a 4b 5b 6a

## 5B A quiet life?

## 1 VOCABULARY \& SPEAKING noise: verbs and verb phrases

b 1 The couple next door argue a lot.
2 The neighbours' dog barks all day - and all night!
3 The baby in the flat upstairs cries all the time.
4 The old people in the flat next door have the TV on very loud - and their living room is next to my bedroom!
5 The people next door have builders who make a lot of noise.
6 The people next door often have noisy parties until $\mathbf{3 . 0 0}$ a.m.
7 My sister practises the piano for hours.
8 My son plays loud music in his room - awful music, too.

## 2 GRAMMAR present continuous

a Max is unhappy because he can't study. His family are making a lot of noise. His mother is unhappy because of the noise from the neighbours', and their dog.
b $\mathbf{1}$ trying 2 making $\mathbf{3}$ practising $\mathbf{4}$ playing 5 cooking 6 listening 7 happening $\mathbf{8}$ barking 9 having
c The neighbours invite him to the party and offer him a drink.
d + They're / are having a party next door.
? Are they playing music?

- No, they aren't playing music. They're talking.
e now


## Grammar Bank 5B

a 1 What's she doing? She's crying.
2 What are they doing? They're watching TV.
3 What's he doing? He's playing basketball.
4 What are they doing? They're singing.
5 What's it doing? It's eating.
b $\mathbf{1}$ 'm staying 2 are...doing 3 'm looking for 4 'm looking 5 Are...living 6 's...doing 7 Is...studying 8 's working 9 isn't enjoying 10 's looking for
g 2 Somebody's sending messages / texting.
3 Somebody's having a shower and singing.
4 It's raining.
5 Somebody's eating spaghetti.
6 Somebody's making a coffee.
7 Somebody's crying.
8 Somebody's doing the housework.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION \& SPEAKING/y/

## Communication Spot the differences

The garden on the left: In A two dogs are barking; in B there are no dogs.
Flat 2: In $A$ the woman is painting the wall; in $B$ she is reading.
Flat 3: In A the boy is playing the violin; in B he is playing the piano.
Flat 4: In A the couple are watching TV; in B they are listening to the radio.
Flat 6: In A the man is cooking; in B he is doing housework.
Flat 7: In A the boy is listening to music; in B he is studying / doing his homework.
Flat 8: In A the baby is crying; in $B$ the baby is sleeping.
The garden on the right: In A the garden is empty; in B some people are having a party.

## 4 LISTENING working out a situation from context

a She's checking in at a hotel.
b reservation, two nights, sign here, key card, room 212, second floor
c $\mathbf{1}$ He's buying a coffee.
2 He's looking for his car keys.
3 They're waiting for a train.
4 She's taking a photo.
5 He's having a job interview. / She's interviewing a man for a job.

## d Possible answers

1 latte, regular or large, here or take away, $£ 3.40$
2 Where are my car keys?, I can't find them, Look in the living room.
3 a waiting room, the platform, a slow train
4 stand together, Are you ready?, Say cheese!
5 the hours, overtime, work, the contract

## 5C A city for all seasons

## 1 VOCABULARY \& LISTENING the weather and seasons

a 121 (degrees), ten (degrees)
2 It's probably summer - it could be any month from May to September.
3 It's typical weather during this period. British weather is very changeable.

## Vocabulary Bank The weather and dates

1 The weather
b 1 It's sunny.
2 It's hot.
3 It's cloudy
4 It's raining.
5 It's windy.
6 It's foggy.
7 It's cold.
8 It's snowing.
d $\mathbf{3}$ spring $\mathbf{1}$ summer $\mathbf{4}$ autumn 2 winter
c 1 F (It isn't usually very hot or very cold.)
2 T
3 F (It hardly ever snows.)
4 T
5 F (Today the air is clean and it's hardly ever foggy.)

## 2 GRAMMAR present simple or present continuous?

a Tim is sad because he loves snow, but he lives in Valencia and it never snows there. Jane is sad because she is on holiday in Cancún, Mexico, but it's raining.
b We use the present simple to talk about things that are normally true.
We use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening now / at the moment.

## Grammar Bank 5C

a 1 He's playing
2 Do your parents live, have
3 do you go, needs
4 is sleeping, doesn't usually sleep
b $\mathbf{1}$ are...doing, 'm waiting
2 Do...like, don't eat
3 are having, have
4 does...do, works

## 3 READING \& SPEAKING finding specific information

a 1 TW 2 OAT 3 TW 4 V\&A 5 LM 6 OAT 7 LM 8 V\&A
b 2 places (text 1) $\mathbf{3}$ weather (text 1) $\mathbf{4}$ place, café (text 2, text $\mathbf{4}$ ) $\mathbf{5}$ buildings (text $\mathbf{3}$ ) 6 museums (text 4) 7 collections (text 4)

## 4 PRONUNCIATION places in London

a Buckingham Palace Wembley Stadium the Tower of London Leicester Square Piccadilly Circus the Houses of Parliament Trafalgar Square St Paul's Cathedral Westminster Abbey Covent Garden
b Suggestions
Buckingham Palace: It is where the monarch stays when in London. You can visit 19 rooms. Wembley Stadium: The new stadium opened in 2007. You can see concerts and various sports events, such as football, rugby, etc.
The Tower of London: It's a UNESCO World Heritage Site. You can see the monarch's crown jewels.
Leicester Square: It's a public square for pedestrians. There are a lot of cinemas and restaurants around the square.
Piccadilly Circus: It's particularly known for its video display and neon signs, as well as a statue in the centre, mistakenly, believed to be of Eros.
the Houses of Parliament: Big Ben is the nickname of the clock. You can see debates or take a tour.
Trafalgar Square: It's a public square. Nelson's Column is at its centre, and the National Gallery is on one side.
St Paul's Cathedral: Building started in 1675 and finished in 1710. You can visit the cathedral and enjoy the wonderful architecture.
Westminster Abbey: It's a very large church used for royal weddings and funerals. Many famous people are buried there.
Covent Garden: It was London's old fruit and vegetable market. Now it is full of shops, restaurants, bars, and street entertainers.

## 5 WRITING posting on social media

## Writing Posting on social media

a $1 \mathrm{E} \quad 2 \mathrm{~B} \quad 3 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{D} 5 \mathrm{~A}$

## Practical English Episode 3: In a clothes shop

## 1 VOCABULARY clothes

b 7 a jacket
1 jeans
5 a shirt
2 a T-shirt
6 a skirt
3 shoes
4 a sweater
8 trousers

## 2 MEETING IN THE STREET

a Rob spills the coffee down his shirt.
b $\mathbf{1}$ double espresso 2 Daniel $\mathbf{3} 20 \mathbf{4}$ half $\mathbf{5}$ shirt $\mathbf{6}$ shop $\mathbf{7}$ phone

## 3 BUYING CLOTHES

a $\mathbf{1}$ Medium 2 Yes, he does. $\mathbf{3} £ 44.99$
b 1 help 2 size $\mathbf{3}$ medium 4 rooms 5 How

## 4 JENNY'S ON THE PHONE

a 1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F
6 F
b 2 F (She says ‘I love it!')
5 F (He says ‘Do you have a new boyfriend already?’)
6 F (She says 'You can't wear that....')
d 1 J 2 J 3 E 4 J 5 E 6 R 7 J
e A 6 B 2 C 1 D 5 E 3 F7 7 G4

## 6A A North African story

## 2 READING

a 1 Hassan and Walid are brothers. They live in a small house in the desert.
2 They're very poor, and they don't have anything. Every day is the same. 3 Hassan works, but Walid doesn't. 4 She has a ring. She doesn't want to sell it because it was her husband's ring. 5 Because he wants to help his mother.
b $\mathbf{1}$ a desert $\mathbf{2}$ mountains $\mathbf{3}$ a field $\mathbf{4}$ the sky

## 3 GRAMMAR object pronouns

a it = the ring
him = Hassan and Walid's father
her $=$ Hassan and Walid's mother

## Grammar Bank 6A

a 1 it 2 him 3 them 4 us 5 her 6 them
b 1 She, it, her, us 2 They, me, them, I 3 him, her, she, him 4 He , them, them, they, me 5 he, them, it

## 4 READING \& LISTENING retelling a story

a 1 He walks through the mountains.
2 The prince welcomes him and gives him food, drink, and a bed.
3 The windows have no glass.
4 His empty water bottle.
5 Because he doesn't know what glass is.
6 A box (with 100 gold coins).
7 Because now they can buy food and clothes.
8 Walid wants to give the prince his mother's ring, and get 1,000 gold coins.
b 2 Hassan $\mathbf{3}$ Hassan's $\mathbf{4}$ the glass bottle 5 the prince $\mathbf{6}$ the prince $\mathbf{7}$ the box
8 Hassan and Walid's 9 Hassan 10 Hassan, Walid, and their mother
11 Walid 12 his / their mother's
c Walid goes to the palace. He gives the prince the silver ring. The prince gives him a box, but when he gets home and opens it, inside is the glass bottle.

## 5 VOCABULARY words in a story

b adjectives comfortable, strange, surprised, valuable verbs arrive, decide, leave, sell
nouns desert, mountain, palace, village
prepositions inside, into, through, towards

## 6 PRONUNCIATION /aı/, /ı/, and /i:/

a 1 fish/i/ 2 tree /i:/ 3 bike /aı/
c 1 b 2 b 3 a 4 a 5 b 6 a

## 6B The third Friday in June

## 1 VOCABULARY \& PRONUNCIATION the date, / $\mathbf{~ / ~ a n d ~ / ~} \boldsymbol{\theta} /$

## Vocabulary Bank The weather and dates

## 2 Ordinal numbers and the date

b sixth seven ${ }^{\text {th }} 8^{\text {th }} 9^{\text {th }}$ tenth eleventh $12^{\text {th }}$ thirteenth fourteenth $20^{\text {th }}$ twenty-first $22^{\text {nd }}$ twenty-third $24^{\text {th }}$ thirtieth $31^{\text {st }}$

## 2 LISTENING making connections

a 1 21st 2 30th 3 5th 4 53rd 5 6th
b 1 21st: a birthday 2 30th: a date 3 5th: a drink 4 53rd: a street 5 6th: a floor

## 3 READING

a The third Friday in June is the happiest day of the year. This is because it's summer, it's warm, the evenings are light, and it's the day before a weekend.
The third Monday in January is the most depressing day of the year. The reasons are because it's winter, the weather is grey and cold, the days are dark, and Monday is the first day of the working week.
b 1 June 2 December 3 October 4 February 5 Monday 6 Saturday 7 Sunday 8 Friday 99.00 a.m. 107.45 p.m. 116.30 a.m. 125.30 p.m.
c Positive light, fun, festive, favourite
Negative sad, cold, least favourite, tired, dirty

## 4 GRAMMAR like + (verb + -ing)

a I love I like I don't mind I don't like I hate
b 1 celebrating 2 sitting 3 working 4 thinking 5 getting
The form of a verb after love, like, etc. is the -ing form, the same form that is used after be in the present continuous.

## Grammar Bank 6B

a

| verb + -ing | verb ending in $e$ | double consonant |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cooking | dancing | getting |
| eating | having | running |
| sleeping | writing | stopping <br> studying |
|  |  | swimming |

b 1 He loves going to the cinema.
2 He likes taking the dog for a walk.
3 He likes listening to music.
4 He doesn't mind doing housework.
5 He doesn't mind working in an office.
6 He doesn't like watching football on TV.
7 He doesn't like reading novels.
8 He hates having lunch with his parents.
9 He hates wearing a tie.

## 6C Making music

## 1 VOCABULARY music

b $\mathbf{1}$ accordion 2 bass $\mathbf{3}$ violin $\mathbf{4}$ guitar $\mathbf{5}$ piano $\mathbf{6}$ drums 7 keyboard $\mathbf{8}$ trumpet 9 saxophone
c 1 accordionist 2 bass player 3 violinist 4 guitarist 5 pianist 6 drummer 7 keyboard player 8 trumpeter 9 saxophonist
d piano / pianist and saxophone / saxophonist have different stress.
e 1 piano - pianist
2 saxophone - saxophonist
3 accordion - accordionist
4 drums - drummer
5 keyboard - keyboard player
6 bass - bass player
7 violin - violinist
8 trumpet - trumpeter
9 guitar - guitarist

## 2 GRAMMAR revision: be or do?

a 1 do you 2 I don't 3 isn't 4 Do you 5 is

## Grammar Bank 6C

a

| Are you...? | Do you...? |
| :--- | :--- |
| hungry | have a car |
| listening to me | know those people |
| stressed | like classical music |
| tired | live in the city centre |
| waiting for a friend | speak Russian |

b $\mathbf{1}$ 's, 's 2 Do, don't 3 Does, doesn't 4 are, 'm 5 Does, ‘s 6 Are, 're 7 is, doesn't 8 Are, 'm
c $\mathbf{1}$ Is she British?
2 Does he play the piano?
3 Do you like music?
4 Is Anna having a shower?
5 Are you tired?
6 Does she live near here?
7 Am I late?
8 Does the train arrive at six o'clock?

## 4 PRONUNCIATION /j/, giving opinions

b 1 a beautiful tune
2 a young musician
3 music students
4 your yoga teacher
5 the New Year

## 5 VIDEO LISTENING

b Yes, Charlotte likes her job.
c 1 F (She takes a lunch break at 1.00 , and she sometimes plays until 6.00 or 7.00 p.m.)
2 F (Buskers play all kinds of different music - opera, jazz, pop, and folk.)
3 T
4 T
5 F (She writes her own songs.)
6 T

## 6 WRITING an informal email

## Writing An informal email

a Stefan is Carmen's penfriend. She is writing to him to practise her English.
b Personal information: She’s 19. She's from Madrid. She's a receptionist at a hotel. She's studying English for her job.
Family: She lives with her parents and her brother and sister. Her father is an architect and her mother works in a clothes shop. Her brother and sister are at school.
Free time: She doesn't have much free time. She usually goes shopping on her day off. In the evening she likes seeing friends or listening to music.
c $\mathbf{1}$ studying $\mathbf{2}$ because $\mathbf{3}$ architect $\mathbf{4}$ usually $\mathbf{5}$ shopping $\mathbf{6}$ friends

## 5\&6 Revise and Check

## GRAMMAR

```
1a 2c 3b 4b 5a 6c 7a 8 b 9b 10c 11 a 12b 13c 14 a 15 c
```


## VOCABULARY

a 1 hear 2 play 3 forget 4 buy 5 tell 6 have 7 take 8 run 9 call 10 dance
b $\mathbf{1}$ at $\mathbf{2}$ on $\mathbf{3}$ for $\mathbf{4}$ to $\mathbf{5}$ for $\mathbf{6}$ in $\mathbf{7}$ on
c 1 fog (the others are weather adjectives)
2 cold (the others are verbs)
3 season (the others are seasons)
4 seven (the others are ordinal numbers)
5 twenty-second (the others are numbers)
6 ring (the others are parts of a country)
7 drummer (the others are musical instruments)
8 concert (the others are musicians)

## PRONUNCIATION


d 1 neighbour 2 remember 3 fiftieth 4 saxophone 5 pianist

## CAN YOU understand this text?

b 1 a 2 c 3 b 4 c

## CAN YOU understand these people?

1 a 2 c 3 c 4 b 5 b

## 7A Selfies

1 GRAMMAR past simple of be
b 1 Vincent van Gogh
2 He is 35 years old.
c 1b 2c 3a 4c 5c 6b 7b 8a
d was were wasn't weren't

## Grammar Bank 7A

a 1 She was 2 were you 3 I was 4 Was it 5 It wasn't 6 They weren't 7 We were 8 They were 9 We weren't 10 I wasn't
b $\mathbf{1}$ were $\mathbf{2}$ Was $\mathbf{3}$ wasn't $\mathbf{4}$ was $\mathbf{5}$ Were $\mathbf{6}$ were $\mathbf{7}$ was $\mathbf{8}$ was $\mathbf{9}$ Were $\mathbf{1 0}$ weren't 11 was 12 was

## 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

b 1 I was at home.
2 He was American.
3 They weren't famous.
4 It was very cheap.
5 Where were they?
6 Was she an actress?
7 You were right.
8 What was his name?
9 She wasn't happy.
10 Were they tired?

## 3 READING understanding the order of life events

## b Kurt Vonnegut

1 He was a soldier.
2 Slaughterhouse-Five was a bestseller.
3 He was a painter.
Billy Dee Williams
1 He was an art student.
2 He was in his first film.
3 He was very successful as an actor.
Adele
1 She wasn't very interested in schoolwork.
2 She was a student with singer Jessie J.
319 was a bestseller.

## 4 VOCABULARY word formation

a $\mathbf{1}$ writer $\mathbf{2}$ actor $\mathbf{3}$ singer $\mathbf{4}$ painter
c 1 verbs; composer, dancer, director, inventor
2 nouns; artist, novelist, politician, scientist

## 7B Wrong name, wrong place

## 1 READING \& LISTENING predicting the order of events from existing knowledge

a 1 They wanted to fly to Ibiza from Manchester.
2 India's stepfather
b 2 D 3 E 4 C 5 A 6 F
e 2 F 3 B 4 E 5 D 6 G 7 A
f They booked their flights from the wrong airport - Birmingham, Alabama, in the United States, instead of Birmingham, England.

## 2 GRAMMAR past simple: regular verbs

a 1 asked 2 decided 3 replied 4 didn't want
b did

## Grammar Bank 7B

a 1 I studied English
2 Did you listen to the news
3 He didn't cook
4 Did she play sport
5 They worked late
6 She travelled a lot
7 Jack worked in New York
8 I called my parents
9 We didn't live in France
10 Anna asked a lot of questions
b 1 didn't call 2 Did...cry 3 played 4 didn’t listen 5 Did...dance 6 booked

## 3 PRONUNCIATION -ed endings

b ended, painted, started
c 1 play tennis
2 travel by train
3 cook lunch
4 wait for a bus
5 play the guitar
6 study English
7 watch TV
8 listen to music

## 4 VOCABULARY \& SPEAKING past time expressions

b 1 five minutes ago
2 last night
3 yesterday morning
4 the day before yesterday
5 three days ago
6 last week
7 last month
8 last summer
9 a year ago
10 in 2017

## 7C Happy New Year?

## 1 READING

b Jenny had a great evening. Andy had an OK evening. Mina had a terrible evening.
c $1 \mathrm{~J} \quad 2 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{M} 4 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{M} 6 \mathrm{~J}$

## 2 GRAMMAR past simple: irregular verbs

b bought
could
came
drank
felt
found
got
went
had
knew
put on
said
took
thought
wore

## Grammar Bank 7C

a 1 She didn't wear a red dress. She wore a blue dress.
2 I didn't come home early. I came home late.
3 We didn't go by train. We went by bus.
4 He didn't say hello. He said goodbye.
5 You didn't have a sandwich. You had a salad.
6 He didn't know her surname. He knew her first name.
b $\mathbf{1}$ had $\mathbf{2}$ took $\mathbf{3}$ were $\mathbf{4}$ went $\mathbf{5}$ could $\mathbf{6}$ had $\mathbf{7}$ got $\mathbf{8}$ felt $\mathbf{9}$ were
c $\mathbf{1}$ did you wear 2 did she buy 3 did you get home

## 3 VOCABULARY go, have, get

a 1 went 2 had 3 got 4 had 5 went 6 got

## Vocabulary Bank go, have, get

b go
8 go by bus
1 go for a walk
5 go home
10 go out
9 go shopping
2 go to a restaurant
11 go to bed
7 go to church
3 go to the beach
6 go back
4 go on holiday
have
15 have a car
12 have long hair
18 have breakfast
14 have a drink
13 have a good time
16 have a sandwich
17 have a shower
get
20 get a newspaper
23 get a taxi
19 get an email
21 get dressed
25 get home
22 get to the airport
24 get up

## 4 LISTENING understanding extra information

a Denisa was on the beach in Rio de Janeiro, in Brazil.
c 1 Marcelo - is her Brazilian boyfriend.
2 She wore white clothes because it's a Brazilian tradition.
3 Marcelo's mother bought the dress.
4 They had a typical dinner with Marcelo's family.
5 They got a bus to Copacabana.
6 They went to a show at a place near the beach and danced samba.
7 When it was nearly midnight, they went to the beach and watched fireworks.
8 They had their first swim of the New Year at another beach called Praia do Arpoador.

## 5 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a $\mathbf{1}$ was $\mathbf{2}$ were $\mathbf{3}$ were you $\mathbf{4}$ did you $\mathbf{5}$ did you $\mathbf{6}$ did you $\mathbf{7}$ did you $\mathbf{8}$ did you 9 was 10 did you 11 Did you

## Practical English Episode 4: Getting lost

## 1 A FREE MORNING

a Rob and Jenny want to go sightseeing, but Daniel phones Rob and asks him to do an interview that morning.
b $\mathbf{1}$ cycling $\mathbf{2}$ rent 3 Daniel, Rob $\mathbf{4}$ artist 5 Monday 6 twelve

## 2 VOCABULARY directions

b 3 on the corner
1 at the traffic lights
5 a bridge
7 opposite
2 turn left
4 turn right
9 go straight on
6 go past the church
8 at the end of the street

## 3 ASKING THE WAY

a It's B.
She asks three people.
b 1 Sorry 2 where $\mathbf{3}$ past 4 left 5 miss

## 4 JENNY AND ROB GO SIGHTSEEING

a 1 The Millennium $2100 \quad 3$ Shakespeare $\mathbf{4}$ can't 5 restaurant 6 power
c 1 J 2 R 3 J 4 R 5 D 6 J 7 D 8 R
d A4 B2 C 7 D 5 E 1 F 8 G3 H6

## 8A A murder mystery

## 1 READING

b 1 F (Somebody killed Jeremy between 11.45 p.m. and 8.00 a.m.)
2 F (The inspector questioned Amanda in the library.)
3 T
4 F (Amanda and Jeremy slept in different rooms.)
5 F (Somebody opened and closed Jeremy's door.)
6 F (Amanda got up at about 7.15.)
7 T

## 2 PRONUNCIATION past simple verbs

b 1 was 2 were $\mathbf{3}$ came $\mathbf{4}$ said 5 spoke $\mathbf{6}$ sat $\mathbf{7}$ went $\mathbf{8}$ slept $\mathbf{9}$ saw $\mathbf{1 0}$ heard 11 thought 12 read 13 got up 14 had 15 took 16 found
c /d/ arrived, died, killed, followed, opened, closed
/t/ looked, finished
/id/ hated

## 3 LISTENING taking notes and comparing

b Barbara
She played cards with Gordon.
11.30.

No.
No motive - she loved him.
Gordon
He played cards with Barbara. Then he stayed in the living room and had a glass of whisky. He doesn't remember.
No.
He wanted the business for himself.

## Claudia

She went to her room and had a bath.
About 11.00.
She heard somebody go into Jeremy's room at about 12.00. She thinks it was Amanda, but she didn't see her.
She was in love with Jeremy, but Jeremy didn't leave his wife, Amanda.
c The murderer was Gordon. He killed Jeremy because he wanted to marry Barbara. He says he was in love with her, but he probably wanted to marry her because her father was rich. Jeremy said that he couldn't. He said, 'If you marry Barbara, all my money goes to Claudia.'

## 4 GRAMMAR \& VOCABULARY past simple: regular and irregular

b arrive arrived didn't arrive
close closed didn't close
come came didn't come
hate hated didn't hate
kill killed didn’t kill
sit sat didn't sit
sleep slept didn't sleep
speak spoke didn't speak

## Grammar Bank 8A

a $\mathbf{1}$ was $\mathbf{2}$ were $\mathbf{3}$ were...doing $\mathbf{4}$ watched $\mathbf{5}$ had $\mathbf{6}$ weren't $\mathbf{7}$ went $\mathbf{8}$ did...go 9 Did...hear 10 didn't hear
b $\mathbf{1}$ slept $\mathbf{2}$ heard $\mathbf{3}$ couldn't $\mathbf{4}$ read $\mathbf{5}$ arrived $\mathbf{6}$ saw $\mathbf{7}$ sat $\mathbf{8}$ didn't want

## 8B A house with a history

## 1 VOCABULARY the house

b Possible answer
It's in the country. It's very quiet. It has six bedrooms, four bathrooms, and a large garden. It's five miles from Oxford. It isn’t expensive.

## Vocabulary Bank The house

b The house
1 Rooms
4 a bathroom
2 a bedroom
9 a dining room
6 a garage
7 a garden
8 a hall
10 a kitchen
3 a living room
5 a study
1 a toilet
2 Parts of a house
12 a balcony
11 a ceiling
15 a floor
14 stairs
13 a wall
3 Things in a room
23 an armchair
25 a bath
19 a bed
27 a carpet
32 a cooker
30 a cupboard
33 a dishwasher
22 a fireplace
28 a fridge
18 a light
29 a microwave
21 a mirror
16 a plant
26 a shelf
24 a shower
20 a sofa
17 a wardrobe
31 a washing machine

## 2 LISTENING using evidence to predict outcome

a They go into the living room, the library, and the kitchen.
b 2 living room 3 fireplace 4 kitchen 5 bathroom 6 downstairs 7 neighbours 8 upstairs
c She says the bedroom is cold. It was Barbara's father's bedroom (Jeremy Travers). Yes, they do.
d 1 house 2 wrong 3 thought 4 tell 5 what 6 horrible
e They decide not to rent the house. They don't want to live in a house where somebody was murdered.

## 3 GRAMMAR there is / there are, some / any + plural nouns

a

| singular | plural |
| :--- | :--- |
| + There's a library. | There are some families... |
| - There isn't a dishwasher. | There aren't any neighbours. |
| ? Is there a garage? | Are there any neighbours? |

b Three is a specific number. Some means 'more than one', but isn't a specific number.

## Grammar Bank 8B

a 1 Are there 2 Is there 3 There are 4 There's 5 There are 6 Is there 7 There are 8 Is there
9 There's 10 Are there
b 1 There's a table in the kitchen.
2 Is there a fireplace in the living room?
3 There aren't any plants in my flat.
4 Are there any people in the garden?
5 There are some pictures in my bedroom.
6 There isn't a TV in the kitchen.
7 There's a computer in the study.
8 There aren't any cupboards in the dining room.
9 Is there a bath in the bathroom?
10 There isn't a light in the garage.

## 4 PRONUNCIATION /eə/ and/ıə/

c chair/ez/ there, careful, wear, they're, stairs, where
ear /ıə/ here, beer, dear, near, we're, hear
there they're
here hear
wear where
d 1 Here you are.
2 I can't hear you.
3 Where's the kitchen?
4 She always wears trousers.
5 Is there a washing machine?
6 They're from America.

## 6 WRITING describing your home

## Writing Describing your home

b 1 Where it is
2 What floor the flat is on
3 What rooms there are
4 Details about some of the rooms
5 What you can see from the flat
6 What places or services there are nearby
7 How far it is from the city centre
c 1 quiet 2 light, pretty, small 3 great 4 beautiful

## 8C Room 333

## 1 READING \& LISTENING identifying paragraph topics

b 1 The Duke of Windsor, Napoleon III, Oscar Wilde, Arthur Conan Doyle
2 GoldenEye
3 The ghost of a Victorian doctor who murdered his wife
4 A ghost moves the bed.
5 He was in the hotel and couldn't sleep because the bathroom taps turned on and off.
c No, but they both heard strange noises.
d $1 \mathrm{~W} \quad 2 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{W} \quad 3 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{W} \quad 4 \mathrm{M} \quad 5 \mathrm{~W} \quad 6 \mathrm{M} \quad 7 \mathrm{~W} \quad 8 \mathrm{~W}$
e 1 got up got out of bed
2 turned on / off opened / connected
3 woke up opened your eyes after sleeping
4 went back returned, do sth again
5 checked out paid your bill and left

## 2 GRAMMAR there was / there were

a 1 was
2 weren't
3 were
4 wasn't

## Grammar Bank 8C

a 1 There were 2 There was 3 there were 4 Was there 5 there wasn't 6 there was 7 Was there 8 there was 9 there weren't 10 were there
b $\mathbf{1}$ there was a $\mathbf{2}$ there wasn't a $\mathbf{3}$ there were some $\mathbf{4}$ there weren't any $\mathbf{5}$ there weren't any 6 there was a 7 there wasn't a

## 3 VOCABULARY prepositions: place and movement

a $\mathbf{1}$ in 2 through

## Vocabulary Bank Prepositions

1 Place
b $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathbf{5}$ in front of $\mathbf{9}$ on $\mathbf{3}$ under $\mathbf{1}$ behind $\mathbf{7}$ between $\mathbf{8}$ opposite $\mathbf{6}$ next to $\mathbf{4}$ over 2 Movement
b 11 from...to 10 into 14 out of 15 through 12 up 13 down

## 4 PRONUNCIATION silent letters

a could cupboard friend guest half hour island know listen talk what write

## 6 VIDEO LISTENING

a Two of the four ghosts are frightening.
b 1 1,700 2 English $\mathbf{3}$ ghosts 4 soldier 5 look 6 baby / child $\mathbf{7}$ away $\mathbf{8}$ horses

## 7\&8 Revise and Check

## GRAMMAR



## VOCABULARY

a $\mathbf{1}$ actor $\mathbf{2}$ artist $\mathbf{3}$ painter $\mathbf{4}$ musician $\mathbf{5}$ scientist
b $\mathbf{1}$ have $\mathbf{2}$ get $\mathbf{3}$ go $\mathbf{4}$ get $\mathbf{5}$ have
c 1 out 2 by 3 to 4 in 5 back
d 1 an armchair 2 a carpet 3 a bed 4 a cooker 5 a sofa
e 1 behind 2 next to 3 up 4 down 5 on

## PRONUNCIATION



## CAN YOU understand this text?

b $1 \mathrm{~T} \quad 2 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~T} 5 \mathrm{~T} 6 \mathrm{~F}$

## CAN YOU understand these people?

1 a 2 a 3 b 4 a 5

## 9A \#mydinnerlastnight

## 1 VOCABULARY food and drink

a 1 pasta 2 milk, sugar 3 meat 4 mineral water 5 ice cream $\mathbf{6}$ potato $\mathbf{7}$ eggs $\mathbf{8}$ chocolate 9 sandwich 10 breakfast, lunch, dinner

## Vocabulary Bank Food and drink

## b Food and drink

Breakfast
9 bread 12 butter $\mathbf{8}$ cereal 1 cheese $\mathbf{4}$ coffee 11 eggs 2 jam $\mathbf{6}$ juice $\mathbf{7}$ milk $\mathbf{1 0}$ sugar 3 tea 5 toast
Lunch or dinner
18 fish, for example salmon, tuna
17 herbs
15 meat, for example chicken, sausages, steak, ham
14 oil
21 pasta
27 rice
26 salad
23 seafood
28 spices
Vegetables
30 carrots 16 chips 13 a lettuce 29 mushrooms 20 onions 24 peas 19 peppers 22
potatoes
25 tomatoes
Fruit
41 apples $\mathbf{3 9}$ bananas $\mathbf{3 5}$ oranges $\mathbf{3 2}$ a pineapple $\mathbf{3 6}$ strawberries
Desserts
42 cake 38 fruit salad 33 ice cream
Snacks
37 biscuits 43 chocolate $\mathbf{3 4}$ crisps 40 nuts $\mathbf{3 1}$ a sandwich 44 sweets

## 2 GRAMMAR countable / uncountable nouns, a / an, some / any

a smoked salmon, avocado, bread, cream cheese, lime
b Because he doesn't want to spend a lot of time deciding what to eat.
c 1 They all wear / wore the same clothes every day.
2 He spends less time and money buying food, and never needs to worry if his diet is healthy or not.
3 No, because he changes his meals a bit.
d 1 a 2 some, an 3 some, some

## Grammar Bank 9A

a 1 some milk 2 a sandwich $\mathbf{3}$ some chips $\mathbf{4}$ a lettuce $\mathbf{5}$ an egg $\mathbf{6}$ some carrots 7 some chocolate $\mathbf{8}$ a cake
b $\mathbf{1}$ any $\mathbf{2}$ some $\mathbf{3}$ any $\mathbf{4}$ some $\mathbf{5}$ any $\mathbf{6}$ any $\mathbf{7}$ some $\mathbf{8}$ an $\mathbf{9}$ some $\mathbf{1 0}$ a
f some coffee, some milk, some orange juice, some apple juice, a pineapple, some (four or five) oranges, some bananas, some onions, some (two or three big) potatoes, a bottle of wine, a lettuce

## 3 LISTENING hypothesizing about photos to prepare for listening

b 1 B 2 C 3 D 4 A
c Speaker 2 a good restaurant near their house Speaker 1 ways of preparing something Speaker 3 a dish with two main ingredients Speaker 4 a meal for a special occasion

## 4 PRONUNCIATION the letters ea

b tree /i:/ eat, ice cream, meat, peas, tea egg /e/ bread, breakfast, healthy train /ei/ steak

## 9B White gold

## 1 VOCABULARY \& PRONUNCIATION food containers; linking

a 3 a bottle 5 a box 6 a can 2 a carton 7 a jar 1 a packet 4 a tin
b 1 a bottle of olive oil 2 a packet of (basmati) rice $\mathbf{3}$ a tin of tomatoes $\mathbf{4}$ a box of chocolates 5 a carton of orange juice
c Possible answers
a box of biscuits
a carton of cereal / a packet of cereal / a box of cereal
a bottle of Coke / a can of Coke
a packet of crisps
a jar of jam
a bottle of milk / a carton of milk
a packet of salt / a box of salt
a packet of sugar
a tin of tuna

## 2 GRAMMAR quantifiers

Communication Sugar and salt

## Sugar <br> a can of Coke: a lot an apple: quite a lot a small bar of dark chocolate: a little an egg: none Salt <br> a large packet of crisps: a lot a slice of white bread: quite a lot a bottle of mineral water: a little a bottle of olive oil: none <br> d 1 olive oil 2 dark chocolate 3 white bread 4 (a can of ) Coke

## Grammar Bank 9B

a 1 How much 2 How many 3 How much 4 How many 5 How much 6 How much 7 How many 8 How many 9 How much 10 How many
b 1 a lot of 2 A little. 3 much 4 Quite a lot. 5 a lot of 6 not much 7 many 8 None. 9 a little 10 much, any

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /// and/s/

b shower /// sugar, fish, delicious, fresh, information, reception, shopping, special, sure snake /s/ salt, sweets, centre, cereal, cinema, crisps, rice, salad, science

## 4 READING categorizing information

b 1 Salt 2 Sugar $\mathbf{3}$ sugar $\mathbf{4}$ sugar $\mathbf{5}$ salt $\mathbf{6}$ sugar $\mathbf{7}$ salt $\mathbf{8}$ salt $\mathbf{9}$ sugar $\mathbf{1 0}$ sugar $\mathbf{1 1}$ Salt 12 salt
c introduce / intrə'dju:s/ = to bring in something new
float /flovt/ = to stay on top of water
collect /kə'lekt/ = to bring together things that are the same in some way, to study or enjoy them
order /'ग:də/ = to ask for food or drink in a restaurant, bar, etc.
de-ice / di: 'ais/ = to take the ice away from something
remove /ri' mu:v/ = to take something away

## 5 SPEAKING

a 1 How many 2 How many 3 How much 4 How many 6 How much 7 How much 8 How many

## 9C Facts and figures

## 1 VOCABULARY high numbers

b 1 c 2 b 3 b<br>1 sixty-seven million 2 (about) four thousand 3 six hundred and fifty

## Vocabulary Bank Days and numbers

## 4 High numbers

three hundred and fifty
eight hundred and seventy-five
1,500
two thousand and twelve
five thousand four hundred and twenty
25,000
a hundred thousand
two million three hundred thousand
d 2450
3920
4 1,300
5 3,437
6 7,700
7 50,000
8 120,000
9 40,000,000
10 2,600,000

## 2 LISTENING

a 1 Ten seconds
2 a £100 b £200 c £400 d £12,800
3 All the money
4 Phone a friend
c 1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 T 7 F 8 F
He doesn't win anything.
d 1 T - Blue whales can make a sound of up to 188 decibels, whereas a lion's roar is never more than 114 decibels.
2 T - The First World War lasted four years, from 1914 to 1918, but the Second World War lasted six years, from 1939 to 1945.
$3 \mathrm{~F}-\ldots$. .the Indian film industry produces about $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ films every year, which is double what Hollywood produces.
4 T - The average temperature in July in Edinburgh is $\mathbf{1 5}$ degrees, and in Sydney it's 13 degrees.
5 F - Gold weighs about 19 grams per cm3 and silver weighs only $\mathbf{1 0 . 5}$ grams.
6 T - Thirty per cent of the people who try to climb K2 die, usually on the way down, whereas only five per cent of the people who try to climb Everest die.
7 F - ...out of every $\mathbf{1 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ people, six people died because of car accidents in Italy, compared to seven in Belgium.
8 F - It's better to do exercise in the afternoon, between 4.00 and 5.00.

## 3 GRAMMAR comparative adjectives

a $\mathbf{1}$-er $\mathbf{2}$ Because you double the final g. $\mathbf{3}$ Change $y$ to $i$ and add -er. $\mathbf{4}$ more $\mathbf{5}$ better $\mathbf{6}$ than

## Grammar Bank 9C

a $\mathbf{1}$ higher $\mathbf{2}$ dirtier $\mathbf{3}$ more important 4 later 5 lower $\mathbf{6}$ more bored $\mathbf{7}$ wetter $\mathbf{8}$ more modern $\mathbf{9}$ more comfortable $\mathbf{1 0}$ happier
b 1 cheaper than 2 easier...than 3 more tired...than 4 busier than 5 better than 6 more interesting than 7 further...than $\mathbf{8}$ shorter than $\mathbf{9}$ worse than $\mathbf{1 0}$ more difficult than

## 4 PRONUNCIATION \& SPEAKING/ $\boldsymbol{\imath} /$, sentence stress

a The final -er is always pronounced /ə/. than is pronounced /ðən/.
b 1 Carrots are sweeter than tomatoes.
2 Air travel is safer than train travel.
3 London is wetter than Milan.
4 A horse is heavier than a car.
5 Oranges are healthier than strawberries.
6 Istanbul is further north than New York.
c 1 T 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 T

## Communication Quiz Night

| Student A | Student B |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 smaller | 1 older |
| 2 colder | $\mathbf{2}$ smaller |
| 3 older | $\mathbf{3}$ higher |
| 4 shorter | $\mathbf{4}$ bigger |
| 5 more expensive | $\mathbf{5}$ more popular |
| $\mathbf{6}$ drier | $\mathbf{6}$ larger |
| $\mathbf{7}$ further | $\mathbf{7}$ warmer |
| $\mathbf{8}$ hotter | $\mathbf{8}$ busier |

## 5 READING identifying section topics

## b $2 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3 \mathrm{C} \quad 4 \mathrm{~F} \quad 5 \mathrm{G} 6 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~B}$

c a team /ti:m/ = a group of people who play a game together against another group a quizmaster /'kwizma:stə/ = a person who asks questions in a game, especially on TV an expert /'eksp3:t/ = a person who knows a lot about something to cheat $/ \mathrm{tfi}: \mathrm{t} /=$ to do something dishonest in order to gain an advantage, especially in a game, a competition, an exam, etc.
to memorize /'meməraiz/ = to learn something so that you can remember it exactly to be a bad loser /bi ə bæd 'lu:zə/ = to behave badly when you lose a game to win /win/ = to be the best or first in a game

## Practical English Episode 5: At a restaurant

## 1 AN INVITATION TO DINNER

a 1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F
b 3 It's Jenny's birthday. 5 Jenny says yes to Daniel.
d 1 Well done!
2 Congratulations!
3 Happy Birthday!
4 Oh dear! Never mind.
5 Good luck!

## 2 VOCABULARY understanding a menu

## 1 Starters 2 Main courses 3 Desserts

## 3 ORDERING A MEAL

a Jenny: soup; mushroom ravioli
Daniel: mozzarella salad; chicken
b 1 reservation 2 way 3 order 4 like 5 Still

## 4 THE END OF THE MEAL

a 1 She goes out for dinner with friends or sees a film.
2 Coffee
3 He says 'You've got beautiful eyes.'
4 She thanks him and says they are from her mother.
5 Good news
6 She wants to go back to the hotel.
c $1 \mathrm{~J} \quad 2 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~J} 4 \mathrm{~J} \quad 5 \mathrm{D} 6 \mathrm{~B} \quad 7 \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{D}$
d A 7 B 2, 3 C 8 D 1 E $4 ~ F 5 ~ G 6$

## 10A The most dangerous place...

1 VOCABULARY places and buildings
b 1 Bridge 2 Street 3 Castle 4 Park 5 Gallery 6 Square

## Vocabulary Bank Places and buildings

b 3 a chemist's
9 a church
4 a department store
6 a hospital
5 a market
2 a park
11 a police station
8 a post office
10 a shopping centre
7 a supermarket
1 a town hall
15 an art gallery
16 a castle
14 a museum
12 a theatre
13 a zoo
20 a bridge
19 a river
18 a road
21 a square
17 a street
23 a bus station
24 a car park
22 a railway station

## 2 GRAMMAR superlative adjectives

a 1 the UK 2 the USA 3 Italy 4 Egypt 5 Vietnam 6 Germany
b 1 The busiest
2 The biggest
3 The oldest
4 The longest
5 The most dangerous
6 The tallest
d tall longer the biggest busy the most dangerous
e For one-syllable adjectives, we add -est (and not -er) to the end of the adjective. For longer adjectives with two or more syllables, we put the most instead of more before the adjective.

## Grammar Bank 10A

a $\mathbf{1}$ the hottest $\mathbf{2}$ the cheapest $\mathbf{3}$ the worst $\mathbf{4}$ the easiest $\mathbf{5}$ the wettest $\mathbf{6}$ the tallest / longest 7 the furthest 8 the dirtiest
b 1 the biggest
2 the best
3 the smallest

4 the most comfortable
5 the noisiest
6 the most stressed
7 the youngest
8 The most beautiful
g 1 What's the noisiest city in the world?
2 What's the foggiest city in Europe?
3 Which US city has the biggest population?
4 What's the highest capital city in the world?
5 Which city has the busiest airport in the world?
6 Which city has the worst traffic in the world?
h 1 Tokyo 2 Milan 3 New York 4 La Paz 5 Atlanta 6 Brussels

## 3 PRONUNCIATION \& SPEAKING consonant groups

b 1 old - the oldest - the oldest building - What's the oldest building?
2 interesting - the most interesting - the most interesting museum - What's the most interesting museum?
3 good - the best - the best shopping street - What's the best shopping street?
4 nice - the nicest - the nicest place - What's the nicest place?

## Communication I'm a tourist. Help!

## Student A

1 the most beautiful
2 the easiest
3 the most interesting
4 the best
5 the nicest
6 the most famous

## Student B

1 the oldest
2 the nicest
3 the best
4 the most typical
5 the most popular
6 the most beautiful

## 4 READING identifying paragraph endings

b Keep walking D
Cross with a local person E
Cross in a group B
Find a policeman A
Take a taxi C
c cars, lorries, bikes, buses, motorbikes, scooters, taxi

## 10B Five continents in a day

## 1 GRAMMAR be going to (plans)

a Punta Cana is in the Dominican Republic, North America.
Casablanca is in Morocco, Africa.
Paris is in France, Europe.
Istanbul is in Turkey, Europe / Asia.
b Istanbul > Casablanca > Paris > Punta Cana > Caracas
c $\mathbf{1}$ start $\mathbf{2}$ fly $\mathbf{3}$ get $\mathbf{4}$ visit $\mathbf{5}$ be $\mathbf{6}$ go out $\mathbf{7}$ arrive $\mathbf{8}$ celebrate
d 1 infinitive 2 the future

## Grammar Bank 10B

a 1 're going to book
2 'm going to stay
3 's going to study
4 are going to get
5 's going to work
6 isn't going to go
7 aren't going to visit
b $\mathbf{1}$ 'm going to call
2 are...going to have
3 isn't going to come
4 are...going to get
5 aren't going to buy
6 Are...going to watch
f Yes, they did.

## 3 LISTENING using prior knowledge to predict stages

b 1 What am I going to do?
2 Who am I going to go with?
3 What previous holidays did I really enjoy?
4 Where am I going to go?
c $1 \cdot$ Reading, doing yoga

- Visit an exciting new city, or see some countryside and animals that are different from where you live
- Climb Everest or live with an African tribe
- Learn Spanish or learn to cook

2 Make sure everyone wants the same things.
3 To travel alone
4 The people you were with, something you learned, or an experience you had
5 Where you want to go

## 4 VOCABULARY \& SPEAKING city holidays

a $\mathbf{1}$ book $\mathbf{2}$ go $\mathbf{3}$ rent $\mathbf{4}$ stay $\mathbf{5}$ eat $\mathbf{6}$ visit $\mathbf{7}$ buy $\mathbf{8}$ have $\mathbf{9}$ meet

## 5 WRITING a formal email

a 1 Dear 2 double $\mathbf{3}$ from 4 are 5 about 6 would $\mathbf{7}$ hope $\mathbf{8}$ confirm 9 Regards

## 10C The fortune teller

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

b B have a surprise
C fall in love
D get married
E become famous
F travel
G meet somebody new
H move house
I get a new job
J get a lot of money

## 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress

b believe idea surprise today

## 3 READING \& LISTENING following the events of a story

b 1 Madame Yolanda, the fortune teller
2 A man because Madame Yolanda isn't there.
3 Because the room was dark.
c 1 boyfriend 2 five 3 (very) lucky 4 stay
d 1 A house. She is going to move to another country.
2 Her boyfriend can't move.
3 A heart. She’s going to fall in love.
4 Jim is an actor from New York. She met him at a party.
e 1 leave, another country
2 get married
3 happy, very happy
450

## 4 VIDEO LISTENING

b 1 Jim , the actor that Jane met at the party
2 Because she helped him.
3 A plane
Accept any reasonable predictions: her plane is going to crash. If he travels with her, he is going to die, too.

## 5 GRAMMAR be going to (predictions)

a $\mathbf{1}$ is a prediction and $\mathbf{2}$ is a plan.

## Grammar Bank 10C

a 1 They're going to have dinner.
2 It's going to be a nice day.
3 She's going to get the bus.
4 He's going to make an omelette.
5 She's going to send an email.
b $\mathbf{1}$ 're going to have
2 isn't going to pass
3 are going to buy
4 'm not going to finish
5 're going to win
6 're going to be
7 'm not going to like
8 's going to forget
9 's going to sleep
10 're going to have

## 9\&10 Revise and Check

## GRAMMAR



## VOCABULARY

a 1 dessert (the others are meals)
2 strawberries (the others are vegetables)
3 sugar (the others are drinks)
4 tomatoes (the others are, or are made from, potatoes)
5 chicken (the others are desserts)
b $\mathbf{1}$ beer $\mathbf{2}$ tomatoes $\mathbf{3}$ honey $\mathbf{4}$ rice $\mathbf{5}$ fruit juice
c 1 a hundred and twenty
2 million
3 department store
4 square
5 station
d $\mathbf{1}$ stay $\mathbf{2}$ go $\mathbf{3}$ become $\mathbf{4}$ get $\mathbf{5}$ fall $\mathbf{6}$ book $\mathbf{7}$ meet $\mathbf{8}$ visit $\mathbf{9}$ have $\mathbf{1 0}$ move

## PRONUNCIATION

c 1 bread/e/
2 chemist/k/
3 oil /oı/
4 town/au/
5 wrote /r/
d 1 chocolate 2 dessert 3 supermarket 4 interesting 5 dangerous

## CAN YOU understand this text?

a $1 \mathrm{C} \quad 2 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~A}$
b 1 A 2 B 3 A 4 C 5 C 6 A 7 B 8 C

## CAN YOU understand these people?

1 a 2 c 3 b 4 b 5 c

## 11A Culture shock

## 1 READING

b exercise
c $1 \mathrm{~J} \quad 2 \mathrm{~L} 3 \mathrm{~N} 4 \mathrm{R} 5 \mathrm{~L} 6 \mathrm{~N} 7 \mathrm{~T} \quad 8 \mathrm{~N} 9 \mathrm{~T}$
e salary - the money that you get from your job
insurance - something that you buy to protect yourself if you have an accident, need an operation, etc.
tip - extra money that you give to a taxi driver, a waiter, etc.
earn money - get money from your job
pay bills - pay for electricity, gas, phone, etc.

## 2 GRAMMAR adverbs

a 1 a $2 \mathrm{~b} 3 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{a}$

## Grammar Bank 11A

a $\mathbf{1}$ carefully $\mathbf{2}$ polite $\mathbf{3}$ beautifully $\mathbf{4}$ unhealthy $\mathbf{5}$ slowly $\mathbf{6}$ really $\mathbf{7}$ well $\mathbf{8}$ perfectly 9 casual 10 incredibly
b 1 quietly 2 fast $\mathbf{3}$ well $\mathbf{4}$ carefully 5 hard $\mathbf{6}$ healthily $\mathbf{7}$ badly $\mathbf{8}$ easily
c 2 He’s driving fast.
3 They're dancing badly.
4 They're eating noisily.
5 She's singing beautifully / well.
6 He / She's playing the piano loudly.

## 3 LISTENING \& PRONUNCIATION connected speech

a He’s positive.
b 1 how incredibly friendly
2 things are great
3 their sense of time
4 seven in the evening
5 hot and sunny
6 all year round
7 two hours a day
8 took out a gun
c 1 friendlier 2 are great 3 late 425 degrees 5 rains, heavily 6 more beautiful 7 quite frightened $\mathbf{8}$ fruit, vegetables, coffee $\mathbf{9}$ coffee $\mathbf{1 0}$ dangerous $\mathbf{1 1}$ terrible

## 11B Experiences or things?

## 1 READING \& SPEAKING scanning for information

b 2 She went to Australia in 2011. She worked in a pub. Then she travelled all over Australia and New Zealand.
3 She got a job there as a project assistant.
4 She went there on holiday when she worked for the IT company.
5 Having experiences is more important than working to pay for a flat and buying things she doesn’t need.
6 Three months ago, she left her job and decided to work in different jobs.
d 1 make 2 go 3 ride 4 learn 5 go 6 make $\mathbf{7}$ cook $\mathbf{8}$ get

## 2 GRAMMAR verb + to + infinitive

a I decided to go to Australia.
I needed to save some money.
Learn to play the guitar.
The missing word is to.

## Grammar Bank 11B

a $\mathbf{1}$ to drive $\mathbf{2}$ to buy $\mathbf{3}$ to be $\mathbf{4}$ to call $\mathbf{5}$ to stay $\mathbf{6}$ to see $\mathbf{7}$ to get married $\mathbf{8}$ to have 9 to go 10 to leave
b $\mathbf{1}$ to have $\mathbf{2}$ to speak $\mathbf{3}$ to travel $\mathbf{4}$ relaxing $\mathbf{5}$ to play $\mathbf{6}$ to get $\mathbf{7}$ going $\mathbf{8}$ reading 9 to wear 10 cooking

## 3 PRONUNCIATION weak $\boldsymbol{t o}$, sentence stress

a 1 I'm planning to buy a new car.
2 He decided to walk home.
3 I hope to hear from you soon.
4 Do you want to stop now?
5 I need to go to the shops.
6 They'd like to have dinner with us.
It is pronounced /tə/.

## 4 VOCABULARY verbs that take the infinitive

a Forget is irregular (forgot).
Learn can be regular or irregular (learned / learnt).
b 2 remembered $\mathbf{3}$ decided $\mathbf{4}$ forgot $\mathbf{5}$ tried $\mathbf{6}$ learned / learnt $\mathbf{7}$ hoped $\mathbf{8}$ promised $\mathbf{9}$ planned
10 needed

## 11C How smart is your phone?

## 1 VOCABULARY phones and the internet

b 1 Facebook (or Twitter)
2 App Store
3 Skype
4 Messages
5 YouTube (or Facebook)
6 WhatsApp
7 Twitter
8 Mail
9 Camera
10 Google Maps
11 Kindle
12 MyFitnessPal
13 Spotify (or YouTube)
Calendar, Camera, Kindle, Photos, Messages, Phone
d 1 wi-fi 2 attachment $3 \log$ in 4 search 5 broadband

## 2 LISTENING \& SPEAKING using visual clues to support understanding

a Speaker A the internet
Speaker B receiving phone calls from other people
Speaker C email
b 1 speaker A 2 speaker C 3 speaker B 4 speaker B 5 speaker A 6 speaker C 7 speaker B 8 speaker C $\mathbf{9}$ speaker A

## 3 READING

b 1 Encyclopaedias: people used them to look up information.
2 Teletext: people used it like a basic internet on their TV.
3 Fax machines: people used them to send printed messages over the phone.
4 Walkmans: people used them to listen to music.
5 The Yellow Pages: people used them to look up the names and contact details of local businesses.
6 An A-Z: people used them to find streets in their city.

## 4 GRAMMAR definite article

b 1 Use the 2 Don't use the 3 Don't use the 4 Use the

## Grammar Bank 11C

a $\mathbf{1}$ at university $\mathbf{2}$ by train $\mathbf{3}$ at the weekend $\mathbf{4}$ at home $\mathbf{5}$ novels $\mathbf{6}$ the best $\mathbf{7}$ the moon 8 the man 9 the door 10 breakfast
b $\mathbf{1}-\mathbf{2}-\mathbf{3}$ The $\mathbf{4 - 5} \mathbf{5} \mathbf{6}$ The $\mathbf{7}$ the $\mathbf{8}$ the $\mathbf{9 - 1 0}$ the

## 5 PRONUNCIATION \& SPEAKING the

1 /ði:/ 2 /ðə/

## Practical English Episode 6: Going home

## 1 JENNY'S LAST MORNING

a $1 \mathrm{~T} 2 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~F} \quad 5 \mathrm{~T}$
b 2 He doesn't want a coffee.
3 Jenny has good news.
4 He thinks An Englishman in New York is a good name.

## 2 VOCABULARY public transport

| b | $\mathbf{1}$ train | $\mathbf{2}$ plane $\quad \mathbf{3}$ bus | $\mathbf{4}$ tram $\mathbf{5}$ coach $\mathbf{6}$ taxi |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| c | $\mathbf{1}$ taxi | 2 plane | $\mathbf{3}$ train | $\mathbf{4}$ bus |

## 3 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

a She gets a taxi and a train.
b 1 Where 2 for 313.604 madam 5 return 6 first 7 course

## 4 SAYING GOODBYE

a 1 she can't find her phone.
2 he wants to give Jenny her phone.
3 come and work in New York.
4 he lives in California.
5 Jenny's younger brother.
6 she needs to get her plane.
c 1 J 2 J 3 J 4 R 5 R
d A 5 B 2 C 3 D 1 E 4

## 12A I've seen it ten times!

## 1 GRAMMAR present perfect

a $1 \mathrm{~B} \quad 2 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{C}$
b 1 Yes, I have, I've read the book
2 No, I haven't
3 I haven't seen it
c

| - | I haven't read the book. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $?$ | Have you read the book? |
| $\checkmark$ | Yes, I have. |
| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | No, I haven't. |

1 I have read 2 has, hasn't 3 see, read, hear 4 watch, download 5 No, we don't.

## Grammar Bank 12A

a 1 She hasn't read the book.
2 You haven't finished your ice cream!
3 We've heard the news.
4 He's arrived at the airport.
5 They haven't asked for the bill.
6 We haven't seen him before.
7 It's stopped raining.
b 1 I've changed my email address.
2 My boyfriend hasn't worked abroad.
3 Have you decided what to do?
4 They haven't passed the exam.
5 Has he accepted the invitation?
6 She’s studied three languages.
7 The train hasn't arrived.
8 Have the children tidied their room?
9 My girlfriend hasn't phoned me.
10 My father's helped me a lot.
c 1 They've seen 2 He's passed 3 She hasn't finished 4 He's painted 5 She's asked
e 2 booked 3 acted 4 played 5 killed 6 worked 7 believed $\mathbf{8}$ asked 9 travelled 10 downloaded

## 3 VOCABULARY irregular past participles

```
b 2 fall, fell 3 give, gave 4 hear, heard 5 leave, left 6 read, read 7 see, saw 8 tell, told read infinitive = /ri:d/
read past simple and past participle \(=/ \mathbf{r e d} /\)
d 1 read 2 fallen \(\mathbf{3}\) told \(\mathbf{4}\) heard \(\mathbf{5}\) seen \(\mathbf{6}\) bought 7 left \(\mathbf{8}\) given
```


## 4 LISTENING \& SPEAKING recognizing topic questions



## 12B He's been everywhere!

## 1 LISTENING identifying key information

a 1 Indian, Chinese, Italian
b No, they don't agree which restaurant to go to.
c

|  | Has he been <br> there? | When? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Curry Up (Indian) | $\checkmark$ | ? |
| The Great Wall <br> (Chinese) | $\checkmark$ | last week |
| Thai-Chi (Thai) | $\checkmark$ | on Wednesday |
| Mexican Wave <br> (Mexican) | $\checkmark$ | last month |
| The Acropolis (Greek) | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |

## 2 GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple?

a $\mathbf{1}$ present perfect $\mathbf{2}$ past simple $\mathbf{3}$ When did you go there?

## Grammar Bank 12B

a 1 haven't finished
2 gave
3 bought
4 Have you ever danced
5 went
b 1 gone 2 been $\mathbf{3}$ gone $\mathbf{4}$ been $\mathbf{5}$ been
c 1 Have...visited
2 went
3 did...go
4 paid
5 Were
6 were
7 did...stay
8 had
9 Has...invited
10 stopped

## 3 VOCABULARY learning irregular verbs

a $\mathbf{1}$ get $\mathbf{2}$ have $\mathbf{3}$ lose $\mathbf{4}$ meet $\mathbf{5}$ win
b 1 be, was / were 2 do, did 3 eat, ate 4 speak, spoke 5 sing, sang
c bring, build, buy
catch, cost
feel, find
get
have, hear

```
leave, lose
make, meet
pay, put
read
say, send, sit, sleep, spend, stand
teach, tell, think
understand
win
```


## 4 PRONUNCIATION irregular past participles

b clock /p/ got, lost
fish /i/ given
tree /i:/ eaten, seen
up / $\mathrm{N} /$ done, sung, won
phone /əひ/ spoken
horse /o:/ bought, fallen
egg /e/ left, met, read

## 12C The English File interview

## 1 READING understanding topics

b B Your lifestyle
C Your home
D Your abilities
E Your places
F Your work experiences
c $1 \mathrm{~F} \quad 2 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~B} \quad 4 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~B} \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 7 \mathrm{C} \quad 8 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~B} 10 \mathrm{D}$
d 1 T
2 F (He lives in London.)
3 F (Sometimes he doesn't get up until 10 a.m.)
4 T
5 T
6 F (He read The Lord of the Rings when he was preparing to play Gandalf.)
7 T
8 F (He loves dogs.)
9 T
10 F (He'd like to learn to sing, play the piano, and speak foreign languages.)

## 2 GRAMMAR \& SPEAKING revision: question formation

b 1 do, did
2 's, Are, Did
3 can, Can, are
4 's, did, are
5 's, are, do
6 have, 's, Have

## 3 VIDEO LISTENING

a The six films mentioned are Macbeth, A Room with a View, Henry V, GoldenEye, Mrs Brown, and Shakespeare in Love.
b 2 She acted in the York Mystery Plays.
3 She worked with the Royal Shakespeare Company.
4 She was in a production of Macbeth with Ian McKellen.
5 She appeared in A Room with a View.
6 She appeared in her first James Bond film.
7 She played Queen Victoria in the film Mrs Brown.
8 She played Queen Elizabeth I.
9 She won an Oscar.

## 11\&12 Revise and Check

## GRAMMAR



## VOCABULARY

a 1 slowly 2 dangerous 3 badly 4 quiet 5 cold 6 strongly
b 1 learn 2 need 3 promise 4 want
c 1 online 2 download 3 website 4 attachment 5 wi-fi
d 1 in 2 up 3 for 4 with
e 1 seen 2 gone $\mathbf{3}$ known $\mathbf{4}$ given 5 fallen $\mathbf{6}$ taken

## PRONUNCIATION

b 1 bought /o:/
5 spoken /əひ/
2 want /p/
4 wi-fi /ai/
3 women /i/
c 1 politely 2 dangerously 3 decide 4 attachment 5 website

## CAN YOU understand this text?

a C is the most positive. B is the most negative.
b $1 \mathrm{C} \quad 2 \mathrm{~B} \quad 3 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{D} 6 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{E}$

## CAN YOU understand these people?

1a 2 с 3 a 4 b 5 a

